

BEHAVIOR PROFILE: TEACHERS CREATE A SAFE SCHOOL ENVIRONMENT

DEMOCRACY AND GOVERNANCE GOAL

Reduce school-related gender-based violence

BEHAVIOR

Teachers create a safe environment for learners and staff

6 % of learners who report feeling safe and secure at school

BEHAVIOR ANALYSIS

FACTORS

SUPPORTING ACTORS AND ACTIONS

BEHAVIOR AND STEPS

What steps are needed to practice this behavior?

What factors may prevent or support practice of Who must support the practice of this behavior, and what actions must they take?

В

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POSSIBLE PROGRAM STRATEGIES

STRATEGY

Behavior

Teachers create a safe environment for learners and staff

Steps

- 1. Seek and use input from peers and learners about what will make the school environment safer
- 2. Clearly inform learners of reporting processes and procedures
- Uphold GBV/child protection laws and behavioral codes
- Monitor toilets, halls, and playgrounds
- Advocate for the right for everyone to feel safe at school

this behavior?

STRUCTURAL

Service Experience: Teachers cannot create a safe environment for learners and staff because they have no support (moral, resources, etc.) from the Education Department or school management.

Service Experience: Teachers cannot create a safe environment for learners and staff because school management doesn't enforce codes of conduct or uphold GBV/child protection laws (e.g. clarifying reporting requirements and processes, disciplining perpetrators of aggressive behavior in and outside the classroom, etc.)

Norms: Teachers do not create a safe environment for learners and staff because corporal punishment, verbal abuse of learners, drinking with learners, sexual abuse of girls by male teachers, homophobic behavior and other transgressions by educators continue to be accepted in most schools

Norms: Teachers do not create a safe environment for learners and staff because certain types of violence and sexual harassment are accepted as normal child or adolescent behavior in the classroom and on the playground

INTERNAL

В Attitudes and Beliefs: Teachers do not create a safe environment for learners and staff because their discomfort or negative attitudes related to class, race, sexuality, gender diversity, etc. prevent them from creating an environment that is safe for diverse learners

Attitudes and Beliefs: Teachers do not create a safe environment for learners and staff because they feel that the promotion of human rights (and lack of commensurate emphasis on responsibilities) is unbalanced, giving learners more rights than teachers and leading to disrespect, victimization, retaliation, intimidation etc. of educators.

В **Self-Efficacy**: Teachers cannot create a safe environment for learners and staff because they feel incapable of appropriately addressing blatant

INSTITUTIONAL

District Education Department: Provide information and guidance for educators to carry out their assigned functions in their schools

District Education Department: Facilitate training of educators and learners on legislation covering GBV, child protection laws, sexual harassment regardless of age, what constitutes violence, how to assess whether a child has been violated, comprehensive sexuality and health rights education, etc.

District Education Department: Clarify responsibility of teachers regarding monitoring playground and communal spaces

District Psychosocial Services: Provide training to teachers on sexual harassment regardless of age, what constitutes violence, how to assess whether a child has been violated, etc.

School Governing Bodies (SGBs): Collaborate with Education Department to implement safety-related improvements

School Governing Bodies (SGBs): Enforce school code of conduct and GBV/child protection laws directly and through principal, school management team, school based support team, and disciplinary committees

Human Rights and Gender Equality Commission: Promote human rights and gender equality in schools, with emphasis on supporting educators to teach and model respect of both

Human Rights and Gender Equality Commission: Investigate and address human rights violations reported by educators, support staff and learners

Council of Educators: Monitor and discipline educators accused or found guilty of SRGBV, including de-registering educators found guilty of SGRBV.

Council of Educators: Create a register of educators that have been found guilty of SGRBV.

Health Department: Facilitate comprehensive sexuality and health education for educators

School Management Teams (SMTs):

Consistently and fairly enforce school codes of conduct and related school policies, including corrective and restorative measures and reporting

What strategies will best focus our efforts based on this analysis?

📢 Strategy requires Communication Support

ENABLING ENVIRONMENT

Partnerships and Networks: Monitor and feedback on school referral processes.

SYSTEMS, PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

Quality Improvement: In conjunction with ${\bf District\, Psychosocial\, Support\, Services\, unit\, or}$ other subject authorities, hold sessions with teachers and parents on importance of addressing class, race, gender, violence and discrimination to create a safe environment for all learners in and outside the classroom

Quality Improvement: Facilitate or provide technical support and materials to school activities to raise awareness about playground and communal space safety and to assist teachers to recognize the importance of and improve safety on the playground and how to deal with it

Quality Improvement: Participate in school safety audit processes involving educators, support staff, and learners

DEMAND AND USE

Advocacy: Engage local stakeholders to submit complaints to relevant oversight mechanisms when cases of SRGBV are not being adequately investigated

Advocacy: Ensure that human rights instruments are simplified, translated and actively disseminated to schools, governing bodies and key stakeholders as part of advocacy, support and training initiatives

Advocacy: Monitor and feedback to the school $governing\,bodies\,on\,the\,implementation\,of$ GBV/child protection laws, school policies and codes of conduct.

Communication: Distribute referral site cards and raise awareness of the roles of the different service providers

Communication: Distribute materials on school safety with the school community and hold school discussions on how the information in the materials applies to them.

Collective Engagement: Hold a playground(and communal space) observation day that involves observation and discussion about what they see, what it means, and what they

Skills Building: With the Departments of Health and Education, conduct sexuality and health rights workshops for teachers

disrespect and aggressive behavior from learners and outsiders

Knowledge: Teachers do not create a safe environment for learners and staff because they don't recognize the playground and other communal school spaces as places where roots of violence (e.g., prejudice, gendering, bullying, homophobia) are nurtured

School Management Teams (SMTs): Report all incidences of Level 3 (sexual harassment) and Level 4 ("persistent harassment despite previous corrective measures, public indecency, sexual assault and rape") cases to the District Psychosocial Support Services of the or Police Services.

Department of Justice: Investigate and prosecute criminal acts by teachers, support staff, learners, and administrators

COMMUNITY

Community-Based Organizations (CBOs):

Partner with organisations that provide support in order to refer school members affected by SRGBV to those organisations.

HOUSEHOLD

Parents/Guardians: Work hand-in-hand with School Management and teachers to enforce code of conduct (e.g., setting expectations, reminding children about how to behave, consequences including positive discipline, seeking professional help for children with behavioral issues, etc.)

Skills Building: Include in quarterly school meetings participatory information sharing and empowerment activities to assist teachers to deal with disrespect and aggressive behavior within the bounds of the code of conduct, GBV/child protection laws, and on other topics based on identified teacher needs